## How to formulate feed

## **Detail Introduction:**

With the development of the breeding industry getting better and better, higher requirements are purposed for the quality of feed. Feed Production Line can produce high-quality feed to meet the need animals. There are many types of animal feeds, and some feeds can be fed directly, but most feeds nused in conjunction. The scientific formulation of feeds is very important to the growth of animals.



How to prepare feed? The method is as follows:

- 1. First, according to the characteristics of different animal species, ages, growth and development correfer to the corresponding range of indicators in the breeding standards, and combine the actual corrand breeding experience to carry out the combination of feed.
- 2. The compounding of feeds should consider the diversification of feeds and achieve reasonable collaboration of the nutritional components of the formulated feeds are complementary and fully balanced, and attesting should be paid to the selection of fresh, no mildew, clean and hygienic, good palatability, and low crucontent. Feed.
- 3. When buying feed, choose feeds that are easy to buy locally, with good quality and reasonable prices some feeds that are not available in the local area but must be selected strictly, avoid buying low-qual adulterated feeds.
- 4. The combination of feed should also be relatively stable. If changes are needed for some reasons, pay attention to the gradual progress and take it slowly to avoid sudden changes in feed that may ca indigestion and poor growth and development of animals. happen.

5. After the feed compounding is completed, calculate the difference of each nutrient composition, composition, composition, and additives, not only should the amount be sufficient, but also avoid the waste caused be repeated addition, and maintain a balanced nutrition.

Ingredients principle:

1. Choose a suitable feed composition table and feeding standards

For domestically existing feed composition tables and feeding standards, you can refer to it. If there a regional standards, you can use regional standards. For livestock and poultry that are not available in you can refer to foreign standards. During the feeding process, observe the livestock and poultry. Ma and reasonable adjustments to the growth situation and production performance, and use them flex

2. Feed diversification, pay attention to the palatability of feed

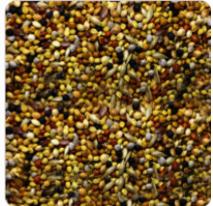
The mix of feed should be diversified, so that a variety of feeds should be reasonably matched to ensure balanced and comprehensive nutrition. First, play the complementary role of various nutrients to improve nutritional value and utilization of feed.

- 3. The feed should be of high quality and low price, with market competitiveness

  Since there are many types of compound feeds, in order to save costs and meet the quality requirement more attention should be paid when selecting them. You can shop around and choose feeds with go and reasonable prices as much as possible.
- 4. Control the crude fiber content of feed

The crude fiber content of different types of livestock and poultry should be different, and a certain a dry matter must be contained in the compound feed, so that the livestock and poultry can eat and eat the same time meet their nutritional needs.





The following steps should be followed in order to cooperate with a preferential, low-cost and high-ediet:

- 1. Find out and enumerate the nutritional needs or nutritional supply of the feed livestock and poultr
- 2. Determine the feed that can be used, and find out its nutritional content and nutritional value in the composition table.
- 3. Determine the cost of feed composition to be considered.

- 4. Consider the limitations and limits of the feed used.
- 5. Calculate the most economical feed formula.

There are many ways to formulate feed. If done correctly, the final results will be similar. The ideal fe measured by the lowest value and maximum productivity. The feed produced by Feed Production Lir high-quality, and can produce a variety of types of feed, both directly raised and mixed to meet the n different livestock and poultry.